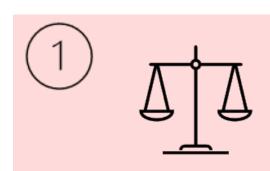
10 recommendations for LGBT+ inclusiveness in health and social care communication



Creating positive first impressions and building rapport



Use neutral language, such as neutral pronouns or neutral terms for significant others





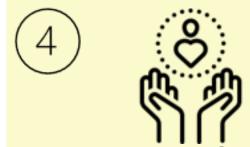
Use the words your patients use to describe themselves and significant others





Consider the messages your non-verbal signals might send

Enhancing care by actively exploring and explaining the relevance of sexual orientation and gender identity



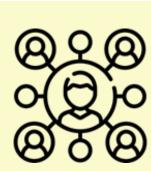
by making your questions about sexual orientation and gender relevant to care





Respect gender.
Routinely ask
questions about
gender identity
and pronouns in
your practice





Incorporate
significant others
and sexual
orientation
appropriately





Consider your surroundings and who else is there before initiating discussion

Visible and consistent LGBT+ inclusiveness in care systems





Standardise how LGBT+ related discussions are approached





Ensure LGBT+
inclusive processes
and systems are in
place





Use visual markers of LGBT+ inclusive policies, materials and training received



Source: Braybrook D, Bristowe K, Timmins L, *et al* Communication about sexual orientation and gender between clinicians, LGBT+ people facing serious illness and their significant others: a qualitative interview study of experiences, preferences and recommendations. *BMJ Quality & Safety.* 2023;32:109-120. doi: 10.1136/bmjqs-2022-014792

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Further information available at: www.kcl.ac.uk/research/accesscare

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